



# WEED RESEARCH ORGANIZATION

## TECHNICAL REPORT No. 39

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THE ACTIVITY AND POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY OF SOME RECENTLY DEVELOPED HERBICIDES: HOE 22870, HOE 23408, FLAMPROP-METHYL, METAMITRON AND CYPERQUAT

HOE 22870 is clofop acid, HOE 23408 is diclofop-methyl

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## CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
SUMMARY	1
INTRODUCTION	1
METHODS AND MATERIALS	2
RESULTS	
HOE 22870	5
2-(4-(4'-chlorophenoxy)-phenoxy)-isobutyl propionate	
HOE 23408	14
2-(4-(2',4'-dichlorophenoxy)-phenoxy)-methylpropionate	
FLAMPROP-METHYL	23
methyl (+)-2-[N-(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)benzamido]propionate	
METAMITRON	33
4-amino-3-methyl-6-phenyl-1,2,4-triazin-5-one	
CYPERQUAT	42
1-methyl-4-phenylpyridinium chloride	
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	52
REFERENCES	52
Appendix 1	53

## NOTE

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THE ACTIVITY AND POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY OF SOME RECENTLY  
DEVELOPED HERBICIDES: HOE 22870, HOE 23408, FLAMPROP-METHYL,  
METAMITRON AND CYPERQUAT

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SUMMARY

Five herbicides were examined for their early post-emergence selectivity on 61 temperate and tropical crop and weed species. The route of action for two of these herbicides, flammop-methyl and cyperquat, was determined on six selected species in a separate test.

HOE 22870 was found to control Alopecurus myosuroides and certain tropical annual grass weeds in temperate cereals, onions and the majority of broad-leaved crops.

HOE 23408 exhibited a spectrum of activity similar to that of HOE 22870 but also controlled Avena fatua. The control of A. myosuroides however was not as efficient as with HOE 22870.

Flammop-methyl exhibited potential control of certain grass weeds notably A. fatua in wheat, barley, perennial ryegrass and several broad-leaved crops. This herbicide was also found to possess some activity through the soil.

The outstanding feature with metamitron was the very high tolerance of sugar beet at doses which provided excellent control of most annual weeds.

Cyperquat was found to have a high specificity for controlling Cyperus species while several temperate and tropical crops were tolerant.

INTRODUCTION

The pre- and post-emergence selectivities of new herbicides are investigated on a large number of pot-grown crop and weed species at WRO. The objectives are to discover selectivities, crop and weed susceptibilities and to obtain experience of the type of effects produced by each compound. Attention is drawn to the limitations of these investigations; e.g. use of only one crop variety or source of weed species and growth in one particular soil type at only one depth of sowing without intraspecific competition. Consequently the results should only be used as a guide for further work; plant responses in pot experiments can be very different to those in the field.

The present report gives indications of the post-emergence selectivity of five new herbicides. Results of activity experiments are included for flammop-methyl and cyperquat to provide information on levels of phytotoxicity, type and route of action. Those for HOE 22870, HOE 23408 and metamitron were reported previously (Richardson *et al.*, 1976).

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# METHODS AND MATERIALS

## (a) Activity experiments

The activity experiments were carried out on six selected species as described previously (Richardson and Dean, 1974). Four annual species were raised from seeds and two perennials from rhizome fragments. Herbicides were applied by four different methods: (i) post-emergence to the foliage only avoiding contact with the soil, (ii) post-emergence to the soil only, as a drench avoiding foliage contact, (iii) pre-emergence to the soil surface, (iv) pre-emergence with thorough incorporation, before planting. Species data are summarised in Table 1 and soil and environmental conditions in Table 2.

Table 1. Plant data for activity experiments (AE)

Species	Cultivar/ source	No. per pot at spraying		Depth of plant- ing (cm)	Post- emergence stage at growth at spraying	Stage of growth at assessment	
		pre-	post-			pre-	post-
Dwarf bean ( <u>Phaseolus vulgaris</u> )	The Prince	3	1-2	1.8	2 uni- foliate leaves	1-1½ tri- foliate leaves	1½-2 tri- foliate leaves
Kale ( <u>Brassica oleracea acephala</u> )	Marrow- stem	15	5	0.6	1½-2½ leaves	2½-4½ leaves	3½-4½ leaves
<u>Polygonum amphibium</u>	WRO Clone 1	6	3-4	1.2	2½-7 leaves	3½-8 leaves	6½-11 leaves
Perennial ryegrass ( <u>Lolium perenne</u> )	S 23	20	10	0.6	2-3 leaves	5-6 leaves, tillering	6-8 leaves, tillering
<u>Avena fatua</u>	WRO 69-5 (AE1) 72-3 (AE2)	10	4-5	1.2	2½-3 leaves	4-6 leaves, tillering	4½-7 leaves, tillering
<u>Agropyron repens</u>	WRO Clone 31	6	3-5	1.2	2-3½ leaves	4½-6 leaves, tillering	6-7 leaves, tillering

## (b) Post-emergence selectivity experiment

The technique for this experiment was as before (Richardson and Dean, 1974). Plants were raised in 8.9 cm diameter plastic pots in a sandy loam topsoil from a field at Begbroke Hill. Soil conditions are summarised in Table 2. Planting dates were staggered so that the majority of plants had reached the 2-4 leaf stage by the time of spraying. Temperate species were raised in the open and tropical species in the glasshouse. Environmental conditions during the course of the experiment are recorded in Table 2.

Table 2. Soil and environmental conditions

Experiment number, type and herbicide(s) included	AE 1 Cyperquat	AE 2 Flamprop- methyl	Post-emergence selectivity test HOE 22870 Metamitron HOE 23408 Cyperquat Flamprop-methyl	
Date of spraying	26.9.74	7.5.75	17.6 and 26.6.75	
Main assessment completed	6.11.74	6.6.75	15.7.75	
Organic matter (%)	2.8	4.2	4.2	
Clay content (%)	16	13	13	
pH	7.7	7.0	7.0	
John Innes Base fertilizer (g/kg)	5.0	5.0	4.0	
DDT (5% dust) (g/kg)	0.5	0.5	0.5	
Fitted trace elements (g/kg)	0.25	0.25	0.25	
Epsom salts (g/kg)	1.0	-	1.0	
Temperature (°C)			Temperate	Tropical
Mean			17	25
Maximum			25	34
Minimum			5	18
Relative humidity (%)				
Mean				
Maximum				
Minimum				

Before spraying all species were thinned to constant number with a maximum of 9 plants per pot. Certain plant material was pre-treated to improve establishment. Chenopodium album seeds were soaked in 0.1 M potassium nitrate solution and kept in the light 3 days prior to planting. Seeds of Polygonum aviculare were kept moist at 2°C for 6 months before sowing. Tubers of Cyperus esculentus were stored moist at 4°C for 4 weeks prior to planting to break dormancy while bulbs of Oxalis latifolia were stored at 2°C for 4 weeks prior to heating at 45°C for 4 hours before planting. Perennial species were propagated vegetatively as denoted in Appendix 1.

To protect from soil-borne pathogens all seeds except Chenopodium album, Polygonum aviculare and the temperate cereals were pretreated with one of the following: thiram, benomyl (for onion), Harvesan organomercury (for Avena fatua) or ethylmercuric phosphate + dieldrin (for sugar beet). Temperate cereal seeds were purchased already treated with a mercurial seed dressing. Immediately after sowing a 2% solution of polyvinyl alcohol (Elvanol) was applied to the soil surface of pots of those species normally slow to germinate or which are susceptible to soil capping, to improve emergence.

Stages of growth (exclusive of cotyledons) at spraying and at assessment are summarised in Appendix 1. After spraying the plants were protected from rainfall for 24 hours and then given an overhead watering to wash any residues off the foliage. The pots were then returned to their original position in the glasshouse or the open. Additional fertiliser in solution and insecticide and fungicide were applied to individual species as required.

Radish (Raphanus raphanistrum) was included for ease of propagation and may be regarded as a crop or weed. Snowdenia polystachya was treated at more than one stage of growth, each being given a different computer number i.e. 83 and 84 (see histograms and Appendix 1). Several species, notably the perennials, were kept for a period of several weeks to observe later effects on the degree of recovery from injury and these final observations are referred to in the text.

(c) Assessment and processing of results

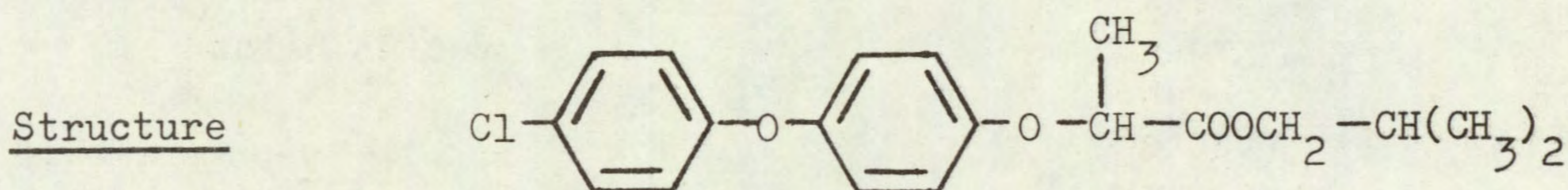
Results were processed as before (Richardson and Dean, 1974). Survivors were counted and scored on a 0-7 scale as previously, where 0 = dead and 7 = control.

Histograms are presented for each treatment and consist of a pair of figures; the upper figure represents mean plant survival and the lower, mean vigour score, both calculated as percentages of untreated controls. The same information is displayed as a histogram where each 'x' represents a 5% increment, but in the activity experiment histograms, each 'x' represents a 7% increment. A '+' indicates a value in excess of 100%; 'R' indicates a result based on one replicate only and 'M' represents a missing treatment.

A table of observed selectivities, using the criteria specified, are presented for each compound along with comments to highlight salient points.

HOE 22870

Code number                      HOE 22870                      Trade name                      -  
Chemical name                      2-(4-(4'-chlorophenoxy)-phenoxy)-isobutyl propionate



Source                                      Hoechst UK Limited  
     Agricultural Department  
     Hoechst House  
     Salisbury Road  
     Hounslow, Middlesex TW4 6JH

Information available and suggested uses

Suggested for control of a range of annual grass weeds including Alopecurus myosuroides in brassicas, carrots, winter and spring cereals (wheat, barley and oats), celery, field beans, lettuce, lucerne, onions, peas, potatoes, spinach and sugar beet, at 0.3-1.0 kg/ha after crop and weed emergence.

Formulation used                      36% w/v a.i. emulsifiable concentrate

Spray volume                              for activity experiment 305 l/ha  
     for selectivity experiment 200 l/ha

RESULTS

Full histogram results are presented on pages 8-13 and potential selectivities are summarised in the following Table.

RATE kg a.i./ha	CROPS: vigour reduced by 15% or less	WEEDS: number or vigour reduced by 70% or more
3.0	barley oat onion dwarf bean field bean pea white clover rape kale cabbage carrot parsnip lettuce sugar beet radish	<u>Oryza punctata</u>  + species below

(Table continued overleaf)

RATE kg a.i./ha	CROPS: vigour reduced by 15% or less	WEEDS: number or vigour reduced by 70% or more
3.0	pigeon pea chickpea groundnut soyabean tobacco sesamum tomato	<u>Oryza punctata</u>  + species below
1.0	species above + wheat swede cotton jute kenaf	species below
0.33	species above +  perennial ryegrass rice cowpea	<u>Alopecurus myosuroides</u> <u>Eleusine indica</u> <u>Echinochloa crus-galli</u>

#### Comments on results

The results of the activity experiment were reported earlier (Richardson *et al.*, 1976) when it was found that HOE 22870 was highly active on certain grasses, especially as foliar or pre-emergence surface sprays. Symptoms were reminiscent of those caused by dinitrophenyl ethers except that a more systemic effect was found, including a powerful inhibition of the root systems.

#### Selectivity amongst temperate species

Alopecurus myosuroides was highly sensitive, being adequately controlled by 0.33 kg/ha. Some suppression of Poa species was also found. However Avena fatua was resistant as were all other weeds tested.

All broad-leaved crops were tolerant, only swede being slightly checked at 3.0 kg/ha. Barley and oat were tolerant at this dose, while wheat was later found to have recovered from minor initial effects. Onion also showed complete tolerance. Perennial ryegrass was sensitive at 1.0 and 3.0 kg/ha.

Some potential control of A. myosuroides may be expected in broad-leaved and cereal crops. The residual effect in the soil, reported earlier (Richardson *et al.*, 1976), could also prove advantageous for controlling later germinating seedlings. The resistance of other grass weeds is a disadvantage and compatibility with other herbicides will need to be examined. The sensitivity of perennial ryegrass to HOE 22870 may be of interest, as this species has been known to cause problems in cereals in recent years. Also there is now a need for a herbicide to suppress this species in order to allow clovers to become better established in leys and grassland. HOE 22870 would appear to be a

strong candidate for this purpose. It is one of the only herbicides which can selectively control A. myosuroides and ryegrass in a wide range of crops as a post-emergence foliar spray, although there are several which can do this pre-emergence. Furthermore, the results here suggest that the susceptibility of A. myosuroides is such that control of this species could be achieved even in perennial ryegrass. Recent work by Schwerdtle & Schumacher (1975) has also shown that A. myosuroides is still susceptible at relatively late growth stages.

The pattern of selectivity was generally similar to that found pre-emergence (Richardson *et al.*, 1976). Although A. myosuroides was slightly more sensitive post-emergence, Poa species were more sensitive pre-emergence, especially P. trivialis. Also Veronica persica was resistant post-emergence in contrast to its susceptibility pre-emergence.

#### Selectivity among tropical crops

The outstanding features of this compound and the related HOE 23408 are their remarkable safety on tropical legumes and several other broad-leaved crops combined with very high activity on several of the major annual grasses. Eleusine and Echinochloa should be selectively controlled in all the broad-leaved crops tested and the safety in crops such as tobacco, jute, kenaf, pigeon pea, sesamum and tomato is particularly notable. Digitaria sanguinalis was considerably more tolerant, partly because it was at a rather more advanced stage of growth than other species at the time of spraying, but it is understood from the manufacturers that this species is more resistant in the field too. Pre-emergence results already published (Richardson *et al.*, 1976) show that it can be controlled at that stage, and early post-emergence treatment might also be effective. Increased tolerance with age is shown by Snowdenia polystachya (a serious grass weed of cereals in Ethiopia) of which there were two sets in this experiment. The older set (computer code 84) being appreciably less affected than the younger set (83). Although the younger set was not apparently too well controlled at the time of the main assessment the plants were greatly weakened by damage to their adventitious root systems and the effects from 3 kg/ha became more severe subsequently and most plants would eventually have died. It appears possible that a dose of about 2 kg/ha would be selective against this weed in wheat but further testing is needed with both species being treated under the same conditions. Rottboellia was also severely weakened at 1 and 3 kg/ha and selective control should be possible in most broad-leaved crops. Again root systems were affected and many plants collapsed at soil level.

HOE 22870 is slightly less active than HOE 23408 and higher doses might be needed in the field but it apparently has greater intrinsic safety on jute, kenaf and sesamum and might be particularly useful in those crops.

SPECIES	HOE 22870 0.33 kg/ha		HOE 22870 1.0 kg/ha		HOE 22870 3.0 kg/ha	
WHEAT ( 1 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
BARLEY ( 2 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
OAT ( 3 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
PER RYGR ( 4 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	62	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	43	xxxxxxxxxxxxxx	29	xxxxxxx
ONION ( 8 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
DWF BEAN ( 9 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
FLD BEAN ( 10 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
PEA ( 11 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
W CLOVER ( 12 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
RAPE ( 14 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
KALE ( 15 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

SPECIES	HOE 22870 0.33 kg/ha		HOE 22870 1.0 kg/ha		HOE 22870 3.0 kg/ha	
CABBAGE ( 16 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SWEDE ( 17 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
CARROT ( 18 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
PARSNIP ( 19 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
LETTUCE ( 20 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SUG BEET ( 21 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
AVE FATU ( 26 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
ALO MYOS ( 27 )	69	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	44	XXXXXXXXXXXX	12	xx
	29	xxxxxx	21	xxxx	7	x
POA ANN ( 28 )	69	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
POA TRIV ( 29 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	62	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	43	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SIN ARV ( 30 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

SPECIES	HOE 22870		HOE 22870		HOE 22870	
	0.33 kg/ha		1.0 kg/ha		3.0 kg/ha	
RAPH RAP ( 31 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
TRIP MAR ( 33 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xsxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SEN VULG ( 34 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
POL LAPA ( 35 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
POL AVIC ( 36 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
GAL APAR ( 38 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
CHEN ALB ( 39 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
STEL MED ( 40 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SPER ARV ( 41 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
VER PERS ( 42 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxx
RUM OBTU ( 44 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

SPECIES	HOE 22870		HOE 22870		HOE 22870	
		0.33 kg/ha		1.0 kg/ha		3.0 kg/ha
AG REPEN ( 47 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
AG STOLO ( 48 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
MAIZE ( 58 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	0		0	
	57	xxxxxxxxxxxx	0		0	
SORGHUM ( 59 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	83	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxx	43	xxxxxxxxxxxxxx
RICE ( 60 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	50	xxxxxxxxxxxxxx
PIGEON P ( 61 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
COWPEA ( 62 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
CHICKPEA ( 63 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
GRNDNUT ( 64 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SOYABEAN ( 65 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
COTTON ( 66 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

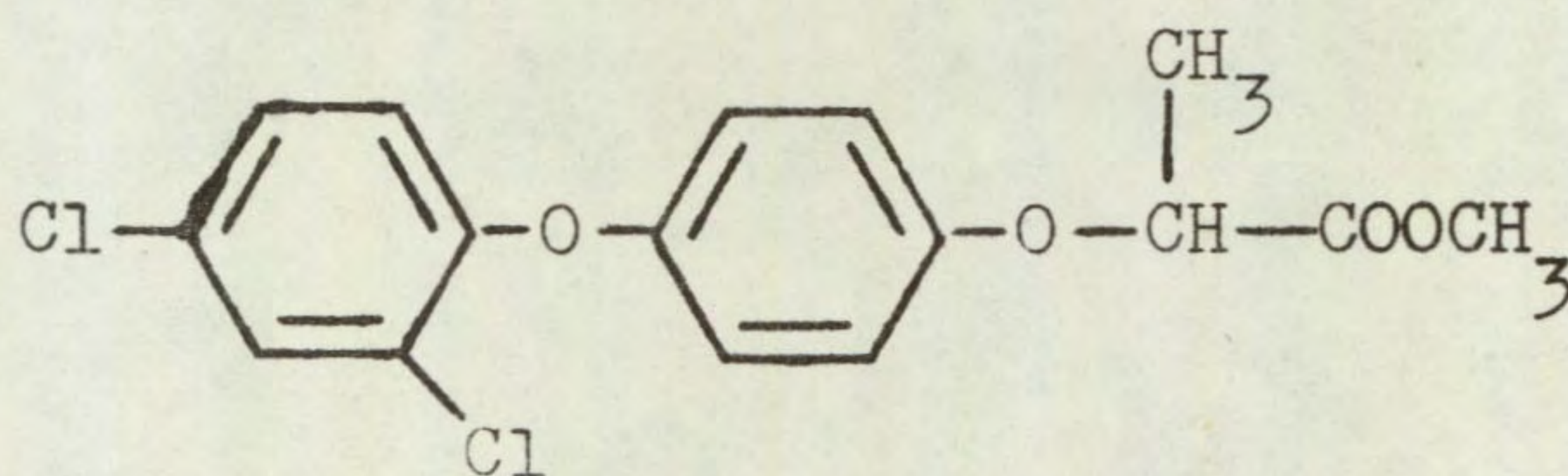
POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY EXPERIMENT

SPECIES	HOE 22870		HOE 22870		HOE 22870	
		0.33 kg/ha		1.0 kg/ha		3.0 kg/ha
JUTE ( 67 )	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
KENAF ( 68 )	100 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
TOBACCO ( 69 )	100 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SESAMUM ( 70 )	100 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
TOMATO ( 71 )	100 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
OR PUNCT ( 73 )	100 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 43	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx	82 29	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxx
ELEU IND ( 74 )	0 0		0 0		0 0	
ECH CRUS ( 75 )	17 14	xxx xxx	0 0		0 0	
ROTT EXA ( 76 )	100 64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 50	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
DIG SANG ( 77 )	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
AMAR RET ( 78 )	100 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

SPECIES		HOE 22870		HOE 22870		HOE 22870	
		0.33 kg/ha		1.0 kg/ha		3.0 kg/ha	
PORT OLE ( 79 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SOL NIG ( 81 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SNOW POL ( 83 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		50	xxxxxxxxxxxxx	36	xxxxxxx
SNOW POL ( 84 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
CYP ESCU ( 85 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
CYP ROTU ( 86 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
OXAL LAT ( 87 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY EXPERIMENT

## Structure



### Information available and suggested uses

[illegible]

## RESULTS

Full histogram results are presented on pages 17-22 and potential selectivities are summarised in the following Table.

RATE kg a.i./ha	CROPS: vigour reduced by 15% or less	WEEDS: number or vigour reduced by 70% or more
3.0	wheat barley onion dwarf bean field bean pea white clover rape kale cabbage parsnip lettuce sugar beet radish	* <u>Avena fatua</u> <u>Alopecurus myosuroides</u> <u>Poa trivialis</u> <u>Oryza punctata</u> <u>Snowdenia polystachya</u>  + species below

\* but see text

(Table continued overleaf)

RATE kg a.i./ha	CROPS: vigour reduced by 15% or less	WEEDS: number or vigour reduced by 70% or more
3.0	pigeon pea groundnut soyabean	<u>Avena fatua</u> <u>Alopecurus myosuroides</u> <u>Poa trivialis</u> <u>Oryza punctata</u> <u>Snowdenia polystachya</u>  + species below
1.0	species above +  swede carrot chickpea cotton tobacco tomato	<u>Rottboellia exaltata</u>  + species below
0.33	species above +  oat rice cowpea kenaf	<u>Eleusine indica</u> <u>Echinochloa crus-galli</u>

#### Comments on results

Activity and pre-emergence selectivity experiment results were reported earlier (Richardson et al., 1976) when the route of action and symptoms produced on susceptible species were found to be similar to HOE 22870. The pattern of selectivity found here was similar to that found in the pre-emergence selectivity test, but activity was generally higher post-emergence.

#### Selectivity among temperate species

Certain annual grass weeds were controlled while all broad-leaved and perennial weeds were resistant. The high dose of 3.0 kg/ha had controlled Avena fatua two weeks after spraying and all plants were eventually killed at this dose. At 1.0 kg/ha all plants in one replicate were eventually killed while those in the others were very stunted and failed to produce panicles. Alopecurus myosuroides also showed some sensitivity although not so great as with HOE 22870, being controlled at 3.0 kg/ha and reduced in vigour at 1.0 kg/ha. Poa trivialis showed some sensitivity but Poa annua was quite resistant.

Wheat, barley, onion and most broad-leaved crops were tolerant. Among the latter, swede and carrot were slightly affected at 3.0 kg/ha but tolerant at 1.0 kg/ha. Oat was sensitive to 3.0 kg/ha but recovered from initial effects at 1.0 kg/ha. Perennial ryegrass was very sensitive, slightly more so than to HOE 22870.

Potential selective control of A. fatua, A. myosuroides and P. trivialis in cereals, onion and broad-leaved crops can be expected. Some potential for suppressing perennial ryegrass in swards including clover is apparent, as was the case with HOE 22870.

Although the pattern of pre- and post-emergence selectivity is generally similar, A. fatua and A. myosuroides were more sensitive post-emergence. As with HOE 22870, however, Poa species and V. persica were more sensitive pre-emergence (Richardson et al., 1976).

#### Selectivity among tropical crops

This compound was somewhat more active than HOE 22870 but the selectivity was generally similar; the main differences being that jute, kenaf and sesamum were relatively more sensitive. Effects on Digitaria sanguinalis were only slightly better than those of HOE 22870 and more work is needed on this latter species at an earlier growth stage. Selectivity against Snowdenia in wheat should be even better and a dose of 1 kg/ha could be effective at an early stage of growth. Selectivity against other grasses in tropical wheat will also of course be of great interest. Control of grass weeds including Rottboellia in tropical legumes will be one of the greatest potentialities of both compounds - particularly in those crops susceptible to alachlor and in which pre-planting incorporation of herbicides (e.g. trifluralin) would be inconvenient. They could be especially useful as an aid to the establishment of ground-cover legumes in perennial crops, and further testing will be well worthwhile at various growth stages but particularly early post-emergence.

SPECIES	HOE 23408		HOE 23408		HOE 23408	
		0.33 kg/ha		1.0 kg/ha		3.0 kg/ha
WHEAT ( 1 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
BARLEY ( 2 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
OAT ( 3 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	50	xxxxxxxxxxxx
PER RYGR ( 4 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	81	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	44	xxxxxxxxxx
	79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	36	xxxxxxxx	29	xxxxxxx
ONION ( 8 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
DWF BEAN ( 9 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
FLD BEAN ( 10 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
PEA ( 11 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
W CLOVER ( 12 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
RAPE ( 14 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
KALE ( 15 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

SPECIES	HOE 23408 0.33 kg/ha		HOE 23408 1.0 kg/ha		HOE 23408 3.0 kg/ha	
CABBAGE ( 16 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SWEDE ( 17 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
CARROT ( 18 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
PARSNIP ( 19 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
LETTUCE ( 20 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SUG BEET ( 21 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
AVE FATU ( 26 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	50	xxxxxxxxxxxx	29	xxxxxx
ALO MYOS ( 27 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	87	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	12	xx
	79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	57	xxxxxxxxxxxx	21	xxxx
POA ANN ( 28 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	81	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	50	xxxxxxxxxxxx
POA TRIV ( 29 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	0	
	64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	0	
SIN ARV ( 30 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

SPECIES	HOE 23408 0.33 kg/ha		HOE 23408 1.0 kg/ha		HOE 23408 3.0 kg/ha	
RAPH RAP ( 31 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
TRIP MAR ( 33 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SEN VULG ( 34 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
POL LAPA ( 35 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
POL AVIC ( 36 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
GAL APAR ( 38 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
CHEN ALB ( 39 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
STEL MED ( 40 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SPER ARV ( 41 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
VER PERS ( 42 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
RUM OBTU ( 44 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

SPECIES	HOE 23408		HOE 23408		HOE 23408	
		0.33 kg/ha		1.0 kg/ha		3.0 kg/ha
AG REPEN ( 47 )	100 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	80 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
AG STOLO ( 48 )	100 93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
MAIZE ( 58 )	100 50	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxx	0 0		0 0	
SORGHUM ( 59 )	100 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 43	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxx
RICE ( 60 )	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxx
PIGEON P ( 61 )	100 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
COWPEA ( 62 )	100 93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
CHICKPEA ( 63 )	100 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
GRNDNUT ( 64 )	100 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SOYABEAN ( 65 )	100 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
COTTON ( 66 )	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY EXPERIMENT

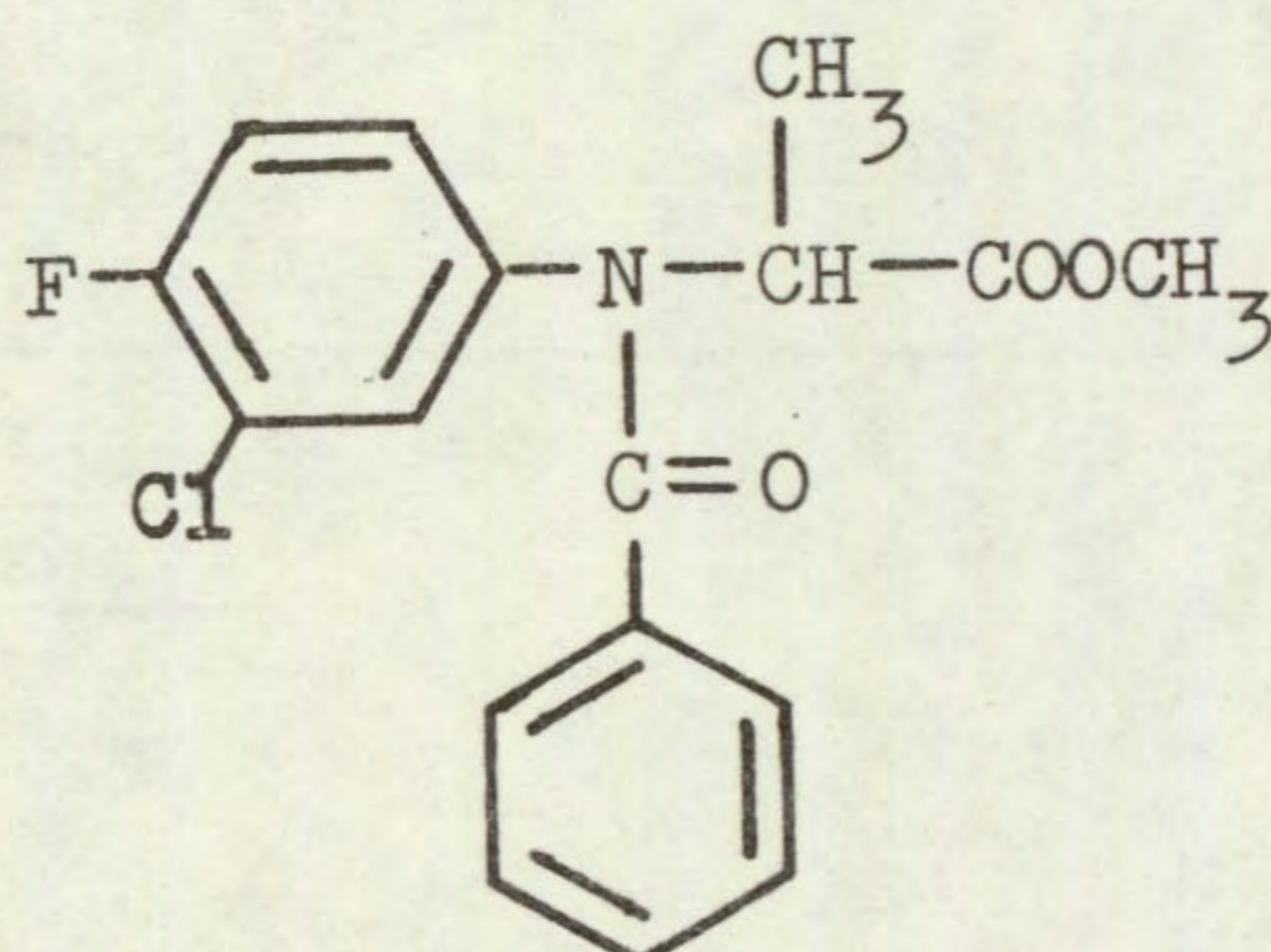
SPECIES		HOE 23408 0.33 kg/ha		HOE 23408 1.0 kg/ha		HOE 23408 3.0 kg/ha
JUTE ( 67 )	100 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
KENAF ( 68 )	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
TOBACCO ( 69 )	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SESAMUM ( 70 )	100 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 50	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
TOMATO ( 71 )	100 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
OR PUNCT ( 73 )	100 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	64 29	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxx
ELEU IND ( 74 )	0 0		0 0		0 0	
ECH CRUS ( 75 )	0 0		0 0		0 0	
ROTT EXA ( 76 )	100 43	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxx	85 29	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxx	30 29	xxxxxxx xxxxxxx
DIG SANG ( 77 )	100 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
AMAR RET ( 78 )	100 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

SPECIES	HOE 23408		HOE 23408		HOE 23408	
		0.33 kg/ha		1.0 kg/ha		3.0 kg/ha
PORT OLE ( 79 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SOL NIG ( 81 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SNOW POL ( 83 )	42	xxxxxxx	42	xxxxxxx	42	xxxxxxx
	57	xxxxxxxxxxx	36	xxxxxxx	21	xxxx
SNOW POL ( 84 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	57	xxxxxxxxxxx	50	xxxxxxxxxxx	57	xxxxxxxxxxx
CYP ESCU ( 85 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
CYP ROTU ( 86 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
OXAL LAT ( 87 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	57	xxxxxxxxxxx	71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

FLAMPROP-METHYL

Code number WL 29761 Trade name Mataven  
Chemical name methyl (+)-2-[N-(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)benzamido]  
propionate

Structure



Source

Shell Research Limited  
Woodstock Agricultural Research Centre  
Sittingbourne  
Kent  
ME9 8AG

Information available and suggested uses

Haddock et al., 1974 reported good control of Avena spp. in wheat at rates of 0.45-0.60 kg/ha in extensive field trials in Europe during 1973 and 1974, with an adequate margin of safety. Limited data from glasshouse and field tests have indicated useful activity against Alopecurus myosuroides and Agropyron repens.

Formulation used 15% w/v a.i. emulsifiable concentrate

Spray volume for activity experiment 305 l/ha  
for selectivity experiment 200 l/ha

RESULTS

Full histogram results are presented on pages 27-32 and potential selectivities are summarised in the following Table.

RATE kg a.i./ha	CROPS: vigour reduced by 15% or less	WEEDS: number or vigour reduced by 70% or more
3.0	wheat barley perennial ryegrass dwarf bean rape carrot parsnip lettuce sugar beet maize	<u>Alopecurus myosuroides</u> <u>Poa trivialis</u>  + species below

(Table continued overleaf)

RATE kg a.i./ha	CROPS: vigour reduced by 15% or less	WEEDS: number or vigour reduced by 70% or more
3.0	pigeon pea chickpea cotton jute tobacco	<u>Alopecurus myosuroides</u> <u>Poa trivialis</u>  + species below
1.0	species above +  onion field bean swede radish rice soyabean	<u>Agrostis stolonifera</u> * ( <u>Avena fatua</u> )
0.33	None listed as no weeds controlled	None

\* Avena fatua eventually - see text

#### Comments on results

#### Activity experiment

Full histogram results are presented for this test on page 26. Activity was found with foliar and soil treatments on most of the species. Avena fatua was the most susceptible species, particularly to the foliar spray although some activity was found in the soil as a result of post-emergence drenches and pre-emergence surface application, mainly at the higher doses. Although Agropyron repens showed some sensitivity to the foliar spray, this was only temporary, all plants eventually making good recovery, but useful effects were also found pre-emergence at the high dose. Perennial ryegrass was resistant to post-emergence foliar sprays and soil drenches, but pre-emergence treatments at the high dose were damaging and some kill resulted from the surface spray. Dwarf bean and kale were damaged by the foliar spray but Polygonum amphibium was unaffected.

#### Symptoms

Mild to severe contact scorch resulted from the foliar sprays. A. fatua also suffered a powerful inhibition and eventual kill of the main shoot, followed by necrosis of the older leaves. Die-back was accompanied by a gummy exudation of the leaves. Some extra tillers were produced at the lower dose but these were usually inhibited and deformed. Leaves were often seen to exhibit a darker green colouration. Inhibition of main shoots of grasses and buds of broad-leaved species was noted as a result of the soil treatments, a darker green colour of leaves again developing. Pre-emergence treatments on grasses at the high dose resulted in a failure to emerge from the coleoptile or death soon after emergence.

#### Selectivity among temperate species

Although Avena fatua was not sufficiently controlled at assessment two weeks after spraying, later observations showed a complete kill at 3.0 kg/ha while only one very weak plant eventually survived treatment at 1.0 kg/ha. Furthermore, a severe inhibition was also apparent at this time with plants treated with only 0.3 kg/ha. Alopecurus myosuroides and Poa trivialis were controlled at 3.0 kg/ha and severely reduced at 1.0 kg/ha. Poa annua was resistant, comparing with HOE 22870 and HOE 23408. No effects were found on Agropyron repens, in contrast to the activity experiment, but Agrostis stolonifera proved to be highly susceptible, no plants surviving treatment at 3.0 kg/ha while only a few recovered from 1.0 kg/ha. Broad-leaved weeds were resistant.

Wheat and barley were tolerant to 3.0 kg/ha but oat was susceptible at all doses. Perennial ryegrass showed outstanding tolerance. Onion and several broad-leaved crops were also tolerant, notably rape, carrot and sugar beet. Pea, however, was severely inhibited at all doses while white clover was damaged at 1.0 and 3.0 kg/ha.

The selective control of A. fatua in wheat and barley is the most interesting and probably most important feature of this herbicide. Other WRO tests have shown it to be more active than its chemical analogues benzoylpropethyl and flamprop-isopropyl. However the possible control of this species in other crops such as perennial ryegrass and a break crop such as oil seed rape, merit further investigation. The possible suppression of other grass weeds e.g. Alopecurus myosuroides could give it an advantage over other post-emergence wild oat herbicides but the resistance of P. annua is unfortunate. Some further investigation on perennial grass weeds may be worthwhile in view of the susceptibility of A. stolonifera. The variation in response of A. repens in these two tests is not easy to explain, the same clonal material being used throughout, while the growth stages at treatment were similar. However the activity experiment, where the inhibition occurred, was carried out under glass, while in the selectivity test, plants were kept outside, possibly suggesting that environmental factors may be important with regard to activity.

#### Selectivity among tropical crops

No useful activity was shown on the tropical annual grasses and it appears unlikely that the compound will have a use in the tropics other than for wild oat control in wheat and barley.

ACTIVITY EXPERIMENT

FLAMPROP-METHYL

		0.33 kg/ha	1.0 kg/ha	3.0 kg/ha
DWARF BEAN	F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX
KALE	F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXX
<u>POLYGONUM</u> <u>AMPHIBIUM</u>	F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
PERENNIAL RYEGRASS	F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX
<u>AVENA</u> <u>FATUA</u>	F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXX
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
<u>AGROPYRON</u> <u>REPENS</u>	F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXX
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XX XXXXXX

Key: F = post-emergence, foliar application  
 S = post-emergence, soil drench  
 P = pre-emergence, surface film  
 I = pre-planting, incorporated

SPECIES	FLAMPROP-METHYL		FLAMPROP-METHYL		FLAMPROP-METHYL	
		0.33 kg/ha		1.0 kg/ha		3.0 kg/ha
WHEAT ( 1 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
BARLEY ( 2 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
OAT ( 3 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	43	xxxxxxxxxxxx	43	xxxxxxxxxxxx
PER RYGR ( 4 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
ONION ( 8 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
DWF BEAN ( 9 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
FLD BEAN ( 10 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
PEA ( 11 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxx	57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxx	43	xxxxxxxxxxxxxx
W CLOVER ( 12 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxx	43	xxxxxxxxxxxxxx
RAPE ( 14 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
KALE ( 15 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

SPECIES	FLAMPROP-METHYL		FLAMPROP-METHYL		FLAMPROP-METHYL	
		0.33 kg/ha		1.0 kg/ha		3.0 kg/ha
CABBAGE ( 16 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SWEDE ( 17 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxx
CARROT ( 18 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
PARSNIP ( 19 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
LETTUCE ( 20 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SUG BEET ( 21 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
AVE FATU ( 26 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxx	36	xxxxxxx	36	xxxxxxx
ALO MYOS ( 27 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	50	xxxxxxxxxxxxxx	29	xxxxxxx
POA ANN ( 28 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxx
POA TRIV ( 29 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	87	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	37	xxxxxxx
	57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxx	43	xxxxxxxxxxxxxx	14	xxx
SIN ARV ( 30 )	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	92	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxx	50	xxxxxxxxxxxxxx

SPECIES	FLAMPROP-METHYL		FLAMPROP-METHYL		FLAMPROP-METHYL	
		0.33 kg/ha		1.0 kg/ha		3.0 kg/ha
RAPH RAP ( 31 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
TRIP MAR ( 33 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SEN VULG ( 34 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
POL LAPA ( 35 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
POL AVIC ( 36 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
GAL APAR ( 38 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
CHEN ALB ( 39 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
STEL MED ( 40 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SPER ARV ( 41 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
VER PERS ( 42 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
RUM OBTU ( 44 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

SPECIES	FLAMPROP-METHYL		FLAMPROP-METHYL		FLAMPROP-METHYL	
		0.33 kg/ha		1.0 kg/ha		3.0 kg/ha
AG REPEN ( 47 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
AG STOLO ( 48 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	29	XXXXXX	29	XXXXXX
MAIZE ( 58 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SORGHUM ( 59 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	57	XXXXXXXXXXXXX	43	XXXXXXXXXX
RICE ( 60 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
PIGEON P ( 61 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
COWPEA ( 62 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
CHICKPEA ( 63 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
GRNDNUT ( 64 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SOYABEAN ( 65 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
COTTON ( 66 )	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY EXPERIMENT