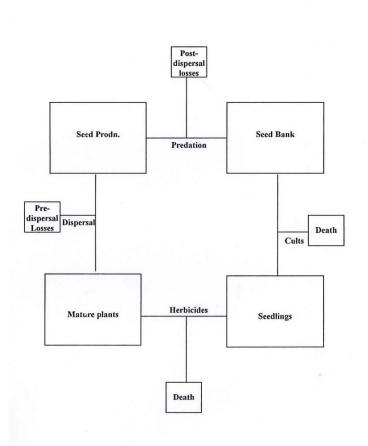






Seed Bank Management

ANNUAL SEED CYCLE



Method	%age reduction achieved
Ploughing	67%
Delayed Drilling	37%
Higher Seed Rates	30%
Competitive Cultivars	27%
Spring Cropping	80%
Fallowing	70%



Non-chemical control of black-grass in winter wheat

Method	Number of	% reduction achieved			
Metriod	comparisons	Mean	Range		
Ploughing	25	67%	- 20% to 96%		
Delayed drilling	16	37%	- 64% to 82%		
Higher seed rates	15	30%	+ 8% to 53%		
Competitive cultivars	4	27%	+ 9% to 36%		
Spring Cropping	3	80%	+70 to 90%		
Fallowing	1	70%	+60 to 80%		





The <u>State of the System</u> – where are the seeds in the system?

Environmental Conditions (crucially soil moisture) interact with weed biology.

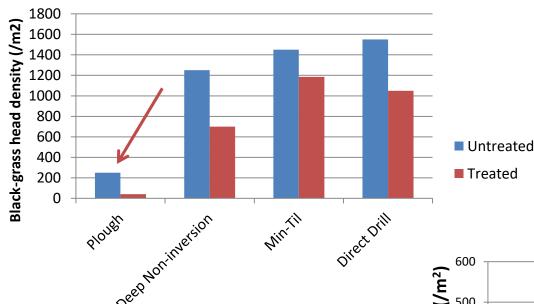
The Crop is critical – weed 'control' is often a product of crop performance.

Agronomy/Rotation/Control all interact.

Attention to detail

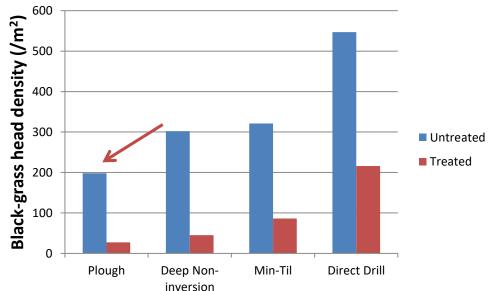


Variable outcomes from ploughing



How effective is ploughing? Experiment 1 80-94% Experiment 2 34-40%

Exactly the same experiment gives Different results



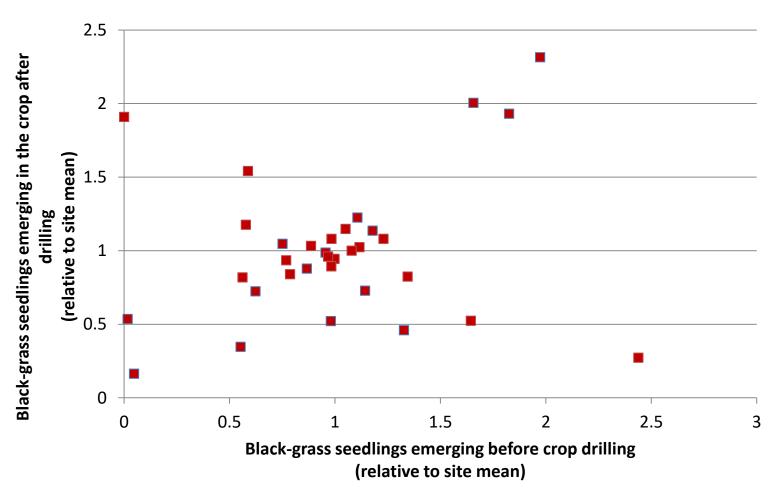




The <u>State of the System</u> – where are the seeds in the system?

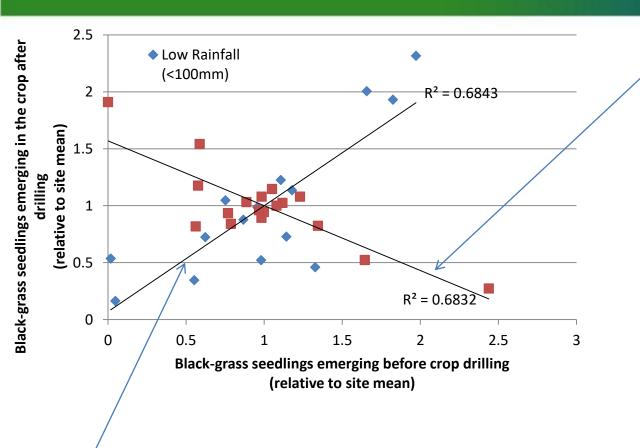


Post harvest management – all that is green is not golden?



Relating black-grass germination prior to drilling with population in the subsequent crop. The densities for the three cultivation strategies at each site are adjusted to the site mean. These data are for 11 sites (3 cultivation approaches per trial = 33 data points).





WET CONDITIONS: This trend means that high numbers of black-grass seedlings observed before drilling result in lower populations levels in the crop.

So in wetter conditions cultivation/management strategies to encourage germination may be effective.

DRY CONDITIONS: What this trend means it that situations (cultivation treatments) where low numbers of black-grass seedlings are observed before drilling then low levels of seedlings emerge in the crop.

So in drier conditions cultivation/management strategies which encourage germination are counter-productive.

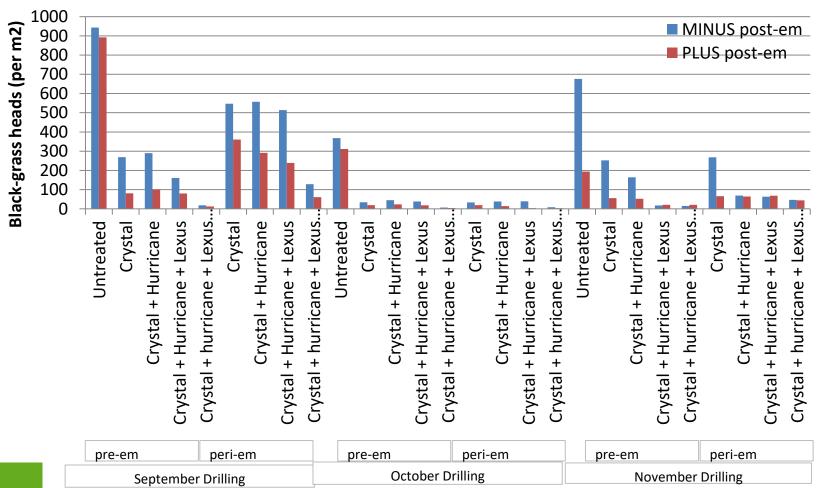


The <u>State of the System</u> – where are the seeds in the system?

Environmental Conditions (crucially soil moisture) interact with weed biology.



Drilling date (again)!







The <u>State of the System</u> – where are the seeds in the system?

Environmental Conditions (crucially soil moisture) interact with weed biology.

The Crop is critical – weed 'control' is often a product of crop performance.



So spring crops are the 'silver bullet'?

Rotations

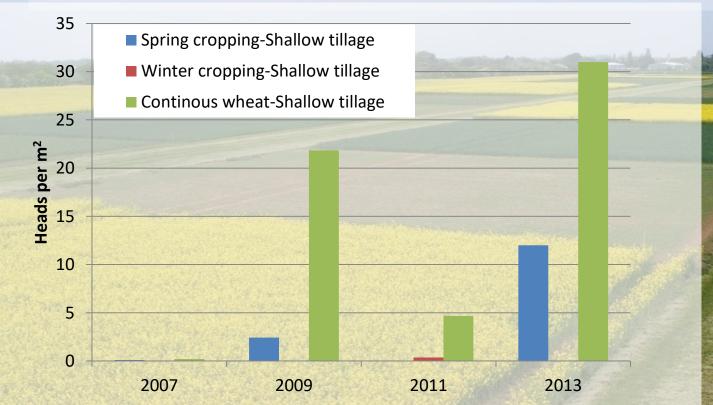
- Winter Break Cropping
- Spring Break Cropping
- Alternate Fallow
- Continuous W Wheat

Establishment

- Annual Plough
- Deep non-inversion
- Shallow non-inversion
- Managed Approach

= 16 treatments

X 3 replicates







So spring crops are the 'silver bullet'?

Rotations Winter Cropping Spring Cropping Continuous W Wheat Alternate Fallow Establishment Annual Plough Deep non-inversion Shallow non-inversion Managed Approach X 3 replicates

		Cropping							
	Rotation	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
L		(Year 1)	(Year 2)	(Year 3)	(Year 4)	(Year 5)	(Year 6)	(Year 7)	(Year 8)
1	Winter	WOSR	Wheat	Winter	Wheat	WOSR	Wheat	Winter	Wheat
	cropping			beans				beans	
2	Spring	Spring	Wheat /	Spring	Wheat /	Spring	Wheat /	Spring	Wheat
	cropping	Beans	/	Oats		Beans) (Linseed)
3	Cont wheat	Wheat	Wheat	Wheat	Wheat	Wheat	Wheat	Wheat	Wheat
4	Alt fallow	Fallow	Wheat	Fallow	Wheat	Fallow	Wheat	Fallow	Wheat



The reality is that the spring crop used here didn't deliver significant reductions in weeds; we couldn't control grass weeds effectively in the crop



The <u>State of the System</u> – where are the seeds in the system?

Environmental Conditions (crucially soil moisture) interact with weed biology.

The Crop is critical – weed 'control' is often a product of crop performance.

Agronomy/Rotation/Control all interact.



The <u>State of the System</u> – where are the seeds in the system?

Environmental Conditions (crucially soil moisture) interact with weed biology.

The Crop is critical – weed 'control' is often a product of crop performance.

Agronomy/Rotation/Control all interact.

Attention to detail



Thank you

We thank a wide range of funders for supporting weed research at NIAB..



ADAMA









Agriculture Division of DowDuPont



A considerable programme of work continues to be carried out for our network members..

